

ALPHACLONE INTERNATIONAL ETF – (ALFI)
a series of ETF Series Solutions

June 15, 2018

**Supplement to the
Summary Prospectus, Prospectus, and Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”)
each dated July 31, 2017, as previously supplemented**

The Board of Trustees of ETF Series Solutions has determined to close and liquidate the AlphaClone International ETF (the “Fund”). After the close of business on June 28, 2018, the Fund will no longer accept orders for new creation units. Shares of the Fund are listed on the Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc., and trading in shares of the Fund will be halted prior to market open on June 29, 2018. Proceeds of the liquidation will be sent to shareholders promptly after June 29, 2018.

Prior to June 29, 2018, shareholders may only be able to sell their shares to certain broker-dealers, and there is no assurance that there will be a market for the Fund’s shares during that time period. Customary brokerage charges may apply to such transactions. The Fund will liquidate immediately after the close of business on June 29, 2018 (the “Liquidation Date”).

Effective immediately, the Fund will begin liquidating its portfolio assets. This will cause the Fund to increase its cash holdings and deviate from the investment objective and strategies stated in the Fund’s prospectus.

On or about the Liquidation Date, the Fund will liquidate its assets and distribute cash pro rata to all remaining shareholders. These distributions are taxable events. Shareholders should contact their tax adviser to discuss the income tax consequences of the liquidation. In addition, these payments to shareholders will include accrued capital gains and dividends, if any. As calculated on the Liquidation Date, the Fund’s net asset value will reflect the costs of closing the Fund. Once the distributions are complete, the Fund will terminate.

For additional information, please call (877) 919-2532 or visit www.alphaclonefunds.com.

Please retain this Supplement with your Summary Prospectus, Prospectus, and SAI for future reference.



AlphaClone International ETF (ALFI)

Listed on the Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc.

Summary Prospectus

July 31, 2017,

as supplemented December 27, 2017

alphaclonefunds.com

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus and statement of additional information ("SAI"), which contain more information about the Fund and its risks. The current prospectus and SAI dated July 31, 2017, as supplemented from time to time, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus. You can find the Fund's prospectus, SAI, and other information about the Fund online www.alphaclonefunds.com/international-etf.html. You can also get this information at no cost by calling 1-800-617-0004 or by sending an e-mail request to ETF@usbank.com.

Investment Objective

The AlphaClone International ETF (the "International ETF" or the "Fund") seeks to track the total return performance, before fees and expenses, of the AlphaClone International Index (the "Index").

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund ("Shares"). This table and the example below do not include the brokerage commissions that investors may pay on their purchases and sales of Shares.

Annual Fund Operating Expenses *(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)*

| | |
|---|--------------|
| Management Fees ¹ | 0.75% |
| Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees | None |
| Other Expenses | 0.00% |
| Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses | 0.75% |

¹ Restated to reflect the Fund's contractual management fee and investment objective effective December 27, 2017.

Expense Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your Shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

1 Year: \$77 **3 Years:** \$240 **5 Years:** \$417 **10 Years:** \$930

Portfolio Turnover

The International ETF pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 88% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategy

The International ETF uses a “passive management” (or indexing) approach to track the performance, before fees and expenses, of the Index.

AlphaClone International Index

The Index utilizes a proprietary, quantitative Clone Score methodology developed by AlphaClone, Inc., the Fund’s investment adviser (“AlphaClone”) and index provider, to replicate the foreign equity securities trading in the U.S. through American Depositary Receipts (“ADRs”) favored as investments by hedge funds and institutional investors. The Index was established by the Adviser in 2017 and is generally composed of between 40 and 50 U.S.-listed ADRs of small, mid, or large capitalization companies and reconstituted quarterly.

AlphaClone’s Clone Score methodology analyzes the historical returns of a given hedge fund’s or institutional investor’s holdings and assigns a Clone Score (i.e., ranking) to each such hedge fund and institutional investor based on such returns. Clone Scores are recalculated semi-annually. The Clone Score methodology incorporates information from hedge fund and institutional investor public disclosure filings (e.g., Form 13F filings) with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission to identify their disclosed holdings at the end of each quarter. The Index is made up of the ADRs held by those hedge funds and institutional investors with the highest Clone Scores. Index constituents are equal weighted at the time of each reconstitution, but each individual constituent is limited to a 5% weighting at the time of each reconstitution.

The equity securities that comprise the Index are ADRs of foreign companies, including those in emerging markets, each with a market capitalization of at least \$100 million at the time of reconstitution and meeting certain liquidity thresholds.

The Fund’s Investment Strategy

The International ETF attempts to invest all, or substantially all, of its assets in the equity securities that make up the Index. Under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the Fund’s total assets (exclusive of any collateral held from securities lending) will be invested in the component securities of the Index. The Fund expects that, over time, the correlation between the Fund’s performance and that of the Index, before fees and expenses, will be 95% or better.

The Fund will generally use a “replication” strategy to achieve its investment objective, meaning the Fund generally will invest in all of the component securities of the Index in approximately the same proportion as in the Index. However, the Fund may use a “representative sampling” strategy, meaning it may invest in a sample of the securities in the Index whose risk, return, and other characteristics closely resemble the risk, return, and other characteristics of the Index as a whole, when the Fund’s sub-adviser believes it is in the best interests of the Fund (e.g., when replicating the Index involves practical difficulties or substantial costs, an Index constituent becomes temporarily illiquid, unavailable or less liquid, or as a result of legal restrictions or limitations that apply to the Fund but not to the Index).

The Fund generally may invest up to 20% of its total assets (exclusive of any collateral held from securities lending) in securities or other investments not included in the Index, but which the Fund’s sub-adviser believes will help the Fund track the Index. For example, the Fund may invest in securities that are not components of the Index to reflect various corporate actions and other changes to the Index (such as reconstitutions, additions and deletions).

To the extent the Index concentrates (i.e., holds more than 25% of its total assets) in the securities of a particular industry or group of related industries, the Fund will concentrate its investments to approximately the same extent as the Index. As of June 30, 2017, securities in the software and services group of industries and the pharmaceuticals and biotechnology group of industries represented a significant portion of the Index.

Principal Investment Risks

All investments carry a certain amount of risk and the International ETF cannot guarantee that it will achieve its investment objective. You may lose money by investing in the Fund. Below are the principal risks of investing in the Fund.

- **ADR Risk.** ADRs involve risks similar to those associated with investments in foreign securities, such as changes in political or economic conditions of other countries and changes in the exchange rates of foreign currencies. ADRs listed on U.S. exchanges are issued by banks or trust companies, and entitle the holder to all dividends and capital gains that are paid out on the underlying foreign shares.
- **Concentration Risk.** The Fund’s investments will be concentrated in an industry or group of industries to the extent that the Index is so concentrated. In such event, the value of the Shares may rise and fall more than the value of Shares that invests in securities of companies in a broader range of industries.

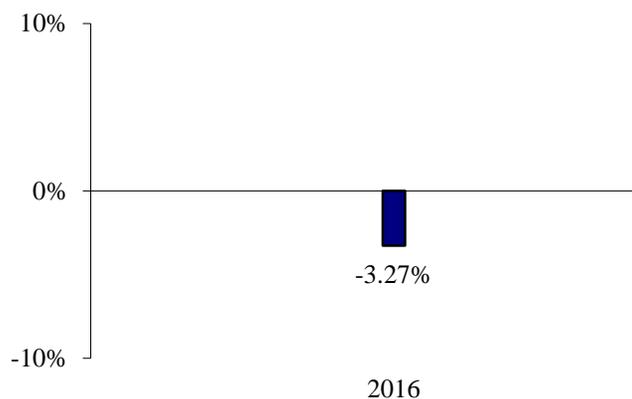
- **Currency Exchange Rate Risk.** The underlying foreign shares of ADRs in which the Fund invests may be denominated in non-U.S. currencies. Changes in currency exchange rates and the relative value of non-U.S. currencies may affect the value of the ADRs and the value of your Shares. Currency exchange rates can be very volatile and can change quickly and unpredictably. As a result, the value of an investment in the Fund may change quickly and without warning and you may lose money.
- **Emerging Markets Risk.** Investments in ADRs that provide exposure to securities traded in developing or emerging markets may additionally involve substantial risk due to limited information; different accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards; a country's dependence on revenue from particular commodities or international aid; and expropriation, nationalization or other adverse political or economic developments. Political and economic structures in many emerging market countries may be undergoing significant evolution and rapid development, and such countries may lack the social, political and economic stability characteristics of more developed countries. Some of these countries may have in the past failed to recognize private property rights and have at times nationalized or expropriated the assets of private companies.
- **Equity Market Risk.** The equity securities held in the Fund's portfolio may experience sudden, unpredictable drops in value or long periods of decline in value. This may occur because of factors that affect securities markets generally or factors affecting specific issuers, industries, sectors or companies in which the Fund invests. Common stocks are generally exposed to greater risk than other types of securities, such as preferred stock and debt obligations, because common stockholders generally have inferior rights to receive payment from issuers.
- **Foreign Markets Risk.** Investments in ADRs that provide exposure to non-U.S. securities involve certain risks that may not be present with investments in U.S. securities. For example, the value of non-U.S. securities may be subject to risk of decline due to foreign currency fluctuations or to political or economic instability. Investments in ADRs also may be subject to withholding or other taxes and may be indirectly subject to additional trading, settlement, custodial, and operational risks. These and other factors can make investments in the Fund more volatile and potentially less liquid than other types of investments.
- **Geographic Investment Risk.** To the extent the Fund invests a significant portion of its assets in ADRs with underlying Shares organized, listed or domiciled in a single country or region, the Fund is more likely to be impacted by events or conditions affecting that country or region.
- **Models and Data Risk.** The composition of the Index is heavily dependent on proprietary quantitative models as well as information and data supplied by third parties ("Models and Data"). When Models and Data prove to be incorrect or incomplete, any decisions made in reliance thereon may lead to the inclusion or exclusion of securities from the Index that would have been excluded or included had the Models and Data been correct and complete. If the composition of the Index reflects such errors, the Fund's portfolio can be expected to reflect the errors, too.
- **Non-Diversification Risk.** Although the Fund intends to invest in a variety of securities and instruments, the Fund will be considered to be non-diversified, which means that it may invest more of its assets in the securities of a single issuer or a smaller number of issuers than if it were a diversified fund. As a result, the Fund may be more exposed to the risks associated with and developments affecting an individual issuer or a smaller number of issuers than a fund that invests more widely. This may increase the Fund's volatility and cause the performance of a relatively smaller number of issuers to have a greater impact on the Fund's performance.
- **Passive Investment Risk.** The Fund is not actively managed and its sub-adviser would not sell shares of an equity security due to current or projected underperformance of a security, industry or sector, unless that security is removed from the Index or the selling of shares of that security is otherwise required upon a rebalancing of the Index as addressed in the Index methodology.
- **Sector Risk.** To the extent the Fund invests more heavily in particular sectors of the economy, its performance will be especially sensitive to developments that significantly affect those sectors.
 - **Consumer Sectors Risk.** The success of consumer product manufacturers and retailers is tied closely to the performance of domestic and international economies, interest rates, exchange rates, competition, consumer confidence, changes in demographics and consumer preferences. Companies in the consumer staples sector, such as companies that produce or sell food, beverage, and drug retail or other household items, may be adversely impacted by changes in global and economic conditions, rising energy prices, and changes in the supply or price of commodities. Companies in the consumer discretionary sector, such as automobile, textile, retail, and media companies, depend heavily on disposable household income and consumer spending, and may be strongly affected by social trends and marketing campaigns. These companies may be subject to severe competition, which may have an adverse impact on their profitability.

- **Health Care Sector Risk.** The Fund may invest in companies in the health care sector, and therefore the performance of the Fund could be negatively impacted by events affecting this sector. Companies in the health care sector are subject to extensive government regulation and their profitability can be significantly affected by restrictions on government reimbursement for medical expenses, rising costs of medical products and services, pricing pressure (including price discounting), limited product lines, an increased emphasis on the delivery of healthcare through outpatient services, loss or impairment of intellectual property rights and litigation regarding product or service liability.
- **Information Technology Sector Risk.** The Fund may invest in companies in the information technology sector, and therefore the performance of the Fund could be negatively impacted by events affecting this sector. Market or economic factors impacting information technology companies and companies that rely heavily on technological advances could have a significant effect on the value of the Fund's investments. The value of stocks of information technology companies and companies that rely heavily on technology is particularly vulnerable to rapid changes in technology product cycles, rapid product obsolescence, government regulation and competition, both domestically and internationally, including competition from foreign competitors with lower production costs. Stocks of information technology companies and companies that rely heavily on technology, especially those of smaller, less-seasoned companies, tend to be more volatile than the overall market. Information technology companies are heavily dependent on patent and intellectual property rights, the loss or impairment of which may adversely affect profitability.
- **Shares May Trade at Prices Other Than Net Asset Value (“NAV”).** As with all ETFs, Shares may be bought and sold in the secondary market at market prices. Although it is expected that the market price of Shares will approximate the Fund’s NAV, there may be times when the market price of Shares is more than the NAV intra-day (premium) or less than the NAV intra-day (discount) due to supply and demand of Shares or during periods of market volatility. This risk is heightened in times of market volatility, periods of steep market declines, and periods when there is limited trading activity for Shares in the secondary market, in which case such premiums or discounts may be significant.
- **Smaller Companies Risk.** The equity securities of smaller companies have historically been subject to greater investment risk than securities of larger companies. The prices of equity securities of smaller companies tend to be more volatile and less liquid than the prices of equity securities of larger companies.
- **Tax Risk.** To qualify for the favorable tax treatment generally available to regulated investment companies, the Fund must satisfy certain diversification requirements. In particular, the Fund generally may not acquire a security if, as a result of the acquisition, more than 50% of the value of the Fund’s assets would be invested in (a) issuers in which the Fund has, in each case, invested more than 5% of the Fund’s assets and (b) issuers more than 10% of whose outstanding voting securities are owned by the Fund. To meet the diversification requirements, the Fund must also generally limit its investments in MLPs to no more than 25% of the Fund’s total assets. While the weighting of the Index is not inconsistent with these rules, given the concentration of the Index in a relatively small number of securities, it may not always be possible for the Fund to fully implement a replication strategy or a representative sampling strategy while satisfying these diversification requirements. The Fund’s efforts to satisfy the diversification requirements may affect the Fund’s execution of its investment strategy and may cause the Fund’s return to deviate from that of the Index, and the Fund’s efforts to replicate or represent the Index may cause it inadvertently to fail to satisfy the diversification requirements. If the Fund were to fail to satisfy the diversification requirements, it could incur penalty taxes and be forced to dispose of certain assets, or it could fail to qualify as a regulated investment company. If the Fund were to fail to qualify as a regulated investment company, it would be taxed in the same manner as an ordinary corporation, and distributions to its shareholders would not be deductible by the Fund in computing its taxable income.
- **Tracking Error Risk.** As with all index funds, the performance of the Fund and its Index may differ from each other for a variety of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs operating expenses and portfolio transaction costs not incurred by the Index. In addition, the Fund may not be fully invested in the securities of the Index at all times or may hold securities not included in the Index.

Performance

The following performance information indicates some of the risks of investing in the International ETF. The bar chart shows the Fund's performance for calendar year ended December 31. The table illustrates how the Fund's average annual returns for the 1-year and since inception periods compare with those of a broad measure of market performance and the Index. The Fund's past performance, before and after taxes, does not necessarily indicate how it will perform in the future. Updated performance information is also available on the Fund's website at www.alphaclonefunds.com or by calling the Fund toll free at 1-800-617-0004.

Calendar Year Total Return



For the year-to-date period ended June 30, 2017, the Fund's total return was 20.18%. During the period of time shown in the bar chart, the Fund's highest quarterly return was 6.83% for the quarter ended September 30, 2016 and the lowest quarterly return was -7.19% for the quarter ended December 31, 2016.

Average Annual Total Returns For the Period Ended December 31, 2016

| | <u>1 Year</u> | <u>Since Inception (11/9/2015)</u> |
|---|---------------|--|
| AlphaClone International ETF | | |
| Return Before Taxes | -3.27% | -3.51% |
| Return After Taxes on Distributions | -3.63% | -3.83% |
| Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares | -1.85% | -2.81% |
| AlphaClone International Downside Hedged Index¹ (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes) | -1.78% | -2.05% |
| S&P 500 Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes) | 11.96% | 9.10% |
| MSCI AC World Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes) | 4.50% | 1.83% |

¹ Effective December 27, 2017, the Fund's investment objective changed to track the performance, before fees and expenses, of the AlphaClone International Index. Prior to December 27, 2017, the Fund's investment objective was to track the price and total return performance, before fees and expenses, of the AlphaClone International Downside Hedged Index.

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates during the period covered by the table above and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. In certain cases, the figure representing "Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Shares" may be higher than the other return figures for the same period. A higher after-tax return results when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and provides an assumed tax deduction that benefits the investor. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as an individual retirement account ("IRA") or other tax-advantaged accounts.

Portfolio Management

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Adviser | AlphaClone, Inc. |
| Sub-Adviser | Vident Investment Advisory, LLC (“VIA”) |
| Portfolio Manager | Denise M. Krisko, CFA, President of VIA has served as the Fund’s portfolio manager since its inception in 2015. |

Purchase and Sale of Shares

Shares are listed on Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc. (the “Exchange”), and most investors will buy and sell Shares through brokers at market prices, rather than NAV. Because Shares trade at market prices rather than NAV, Shares may trade at a price greater than NAV (premium) or less than NAV (discount).

The Fund issues and redeems Shares at NAV only in large blocks known as “Creation Units,” which only Authorized Participants (“APs”) (typically, broker-dealers) may purchase or redeem. Creation Units generally consist of 50,000 Shares, though this may change from time to time. The Fund generally issues and redeems Creation Units in exchange for a portfolio of securities closely approximating the holdings of the Fund (the “Deposit Securities”) and/or a designated amount of U.S. cash.

Tax Information

Fund distributions are generally taxable as ordinary income, qualified dividend income, or capital gains (or a combination), unless your investment is in an IRA or other tax-advantaged account. Distributions on investments made through tax-deferred arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of assets from those accounts.

Financial Intermediary Compensation

If you purchase Shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank) (an “Intermediary”), AlphaClone, VIA, or their affiliates may pay Intermediaries for certain activities related to the Fund, including participation in activities that are designed to make Intermediaries more knowledgeable about exchange traded products, including the Fund, or for other activities, such as marketing, educational training or other initiatives related to the sale or promotion of Shares. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the Intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Any such arrangements do not result in increased Fund expenses. Ask your salesperson or visit the Intermediary’s website for more information.